The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 1545

MONDAY, JUNE 2. 1740.

№ 1543.

ANECDOTES *from the* ROMAN HISTORY.

The Seventh Paper.

AFTER the Fall of *Glaucia* and *Apuleius*, ſeveral Innovations upon the Liberties of *Rome*, which had taken Place during the late Confuſion, were reclaimed; and by one Law 'the Seditious 'Tribunes were deprived of 'an Artifice they uſed to get 'many Things paſſed which were prejudicial to the Publick; which was to *blend* together in the *ſame Edict* ſeveral Articles, ſome of which were advantageous to the *People*, and others calculated only to promote the Intereſt of *their Faction*.' Whence it is evident that the Art of *Tacking* (as I obſerved on another Occaſion) was the Invention of Men given up to their own *Private* Views, to the Ruin of their Country; and in the virtuous Days of *Rome* was conſtantly deteſted and oppoſed by the Friends of the People.

The Temperance and Sobriety of the firſt *Romans* had been the Source of all their Glory; to Abſtinence they owed the Diſcipline of her Troops, and the Succeſs of her Arms; to *Frugality*, the Riches neceſſary to ſupport her Civil Government, and maintain her Military Force. This was the Boaſt of the greateſt Heroes ſhe produced, and for many Ages, an extravagant Proviſion, of *Furniture*, *Apparel*, or *Eatables*, could not eſcape the Correction of the *Cenſors*, who by *Fines*, *Degradation* from Honours and Offices, and other Puniſhments were thought moſt ſuitable to the Offence, puniſh'd the Aggreſſors againſt Laws moſt inducive to the Welfare of their Country. Yet, however how the *beſt* Regulations may be ridiculed, and how the Attention of a *Populace* will encourage Men to confound what they ridiculouſly think *their* Suffering with the Sufferings of the Publick, it will be convenient to recite the Speech of the Tribune *Marcus Livius*.

'I leave it to the Tribunes, my Colleagues, (*ſaid he*) 'to correct the Abuſes of the Government, and 'inquire into the Cauſes of our Inteſtine Diviſions 'and Foreign Wars: I turn my Thoughts to what 'more nearly concerns me, being more earneſt after 'the Happineſs of Particulars, than the Publick Intereſt; and therefore think we have had ſome 'meaſure Laws introduced amongſt us: Our Reformers have extended their Cenſures even to our Tables: *Rome* has always boaſted her Abhorrence of 'Tyrants, and yet theſe rigid Legiſlators have made the 'moſt violent Encroachment on the Publick Liberty, 'having uſurp'd a Dominion even over our Palates, 'and would make us temperate in Spite of ourſelves! 'What ſignifies it to the Publick whether the Wine 'we drink be exquiſite, and our Meats far-fetched? 'Are we not Maſters of our own Eſtates! By what 'Right then have they pretended to regulate our 'Sentences? If a Man has a Mind to eat himſelf to 'Death, let him: Every *Roman* is born free.'

This was probably a *ſincere* Speech: But ſo far were the *Romans* from allowing their Legiſlature to be 'in Jeſt with the People, that when *Duronius*'s Tribuneſhip was expired, he was ſtruck out of the Number of Senators: What Effects would the like Severity have produced in our Time!

When MARIUS, after innumerable Violences in his Conſulate, was, by the general Voice of the People, deprived of an Office he had held againſt the Inclination of his Country, his reſtleſs Ambition was contented by diſtreſſing *Rome* by Men who were weak enough to be drawn into his Meaſures, and wicked enough to execute them: And, ſuch was the Infatuation of the *Romans*, that one had no ſooner fallen a Victim to his Ambition, than another appear'd willing to brave the ſame Danger: Of P. SULPICIUS, a Man of many valuable Qualifications, the Hiſtorians ſay his Reputation was ſoon tarniſhed by giving himſelf wholly up to a Spirit of Faction, and devoting himſelf to the Seditious *Marius*, whoſe former Glory had impoſed on a few Incendiaries; and that confining only him, he joined in endeavouring to ſupplant *Sylla*,' whoſe ſuperior Merit had rais'd him to the Conſulate, and to the Management of a Foreign War. The Glory which *Marius* feared would be gained by *Sylla*, is ſaid to have had ſuch Force as to make him 'forget his Age (being then Seventy) 'and Infirmities, and ape the Fire and Vivacity of 'Youth, to recommend him to the Choice of the 'People for the Honours he envied another: Such 'is the Power of Jealouſy and Emulation in an Ambitious Mind!' And ſo blind were the People of *Rome* to the Deſigns of her Domeſtick Enemies, that when *Sulpicius* was labouring to gratify the Deſires of *Marius*, by gaining the Suffrages of the People, it is ſaid he gained Credit among them by 'ſeveral Laws 'which were *contrary* to the Publick Good, his only 'Way to make his Court to the People, being to 'mortify the Senate.' He had himſelf concurred in the Baniſhment of *Marius*'s Friends, but was now ſo far changed in his Sentiments, as to get them all recalled by his own Influence, who had before been 'the Peſts of the Republick.'— How carefully ought the People to be reſcued from the Attempts of ſuch Men? Since *Sulpicius* was the Trumpet to the Civil Wars of *Rome*, 'ſtirred up Citizen againſt Citizen, 'Father againſt Son, and Brother againſt Brother.' But the Miſchief attending ſuch Seditious Proceedings would be leſs terrible, did they always *ceaſe* with the Fall of the Authors of them: But in *Rome* it was far otherwiſe; for after the Head of *Sulpicius* was fixed upon a Stake over-againſt the Tribune of Harangues where his wicked Tongue had ſo often miſled the People, his Country continued long to feel the fatal Effects of his unnatural Invectives againſt the lawful Government: *Marius* yet remained: And the Place of *Sulpicius* was quickly ſupply'd by *L. Cornelius Cinna*, who was in great Eſteem with the Multitude: A Man 'ſuſpected of all the Vices that then infected *Rome*; had neither Sincerity, nor any real Love 'for his Country; knew no other God than *Fortune*, 'nor any other Virtue but a *brutal Conſtancy* in ſupporting a Seditious Faction, by which he expected 'to advance himſelf.' By his Diſſimulation he for ſome Time deceived the beſt Friends of the Republick, took all Oaths without keeping any, and laid himſelf under every Obligation neceſſary to attain at his wiſhed-for Advancement, without any Intention to obſerve what agreed not with his own Private Intereſt. He was no ſooner in Poſſeſſion of the *Conſulate*, than he began to exerciſe his Authority againſt *Sylla*, his *Benefactor*, and having made him glad to leave *Italy*, uſurped ſuch an Authority in *Rome*, as offended all who were not engaged in the Heat of Party; carry'd his Violences ſo far as to recal *Marius* from Baniſhment, and being *degraded* of his Dignity by the Senate, he gathered together all the 'deſperate Villains in *Italy*,' beſieged even *Rome* herſelf, and forced the *Romans* to ſurrender to an Army of *Banditti*; entered the glorious City of his Nativity, with *Marius* and his 6000 brutal Guards; who being returned to the City whence his Crimes had driven him, order'd his Incendiaries 'to ſlay, without Mercy, all whoſe Salute he did not return: Senators 'fell Victims to his Countenance, and two Conſuls 'loſt their Lives by *Cinna*'s Command. The *Bardiates* of *Marius*' committed all the Acts of Luſt and Cruelty at *Rome* that it was poſſible to invent: And *Cinna*, *Corbo*, *Sertorius*, and *Marius*, being aſſembled to ſettle what Kind of Government ſhould be eſtabliſhed, *Marius* breathed *his* Sentiments in the following Manner: 'We are now, ſaid he, Maſters of 'the Capitol—— What remains then but to ſignalize 'our Reſentments againſt the Authors of our Misfortunes?—— All my Sufferings were brought upon 'me by the Senate, and it is but juſt they ſhould feel 'all the Weight of my Revenge: Let us deſtroy all 'thoſe who have endeavoured to deſtroy me— let us 'then extirpate theſe proud Conſcript Fathers, whoſe 'Government is leſs ſupportable than that of the 'Tarquins.—— Let us take *Hercules*'s Club, and deſtroy this three-hundred-headed *Hydra*: Let us cut 'them all to Pieces at one Blow, for if any one of 'them eſcape, the reſt will grow again, and prove 'fatal to us; let us embrace this happy Opportunity, 'and ſlay them without Diſtinction. If any one of 'you contradict me, I will rank him among the Enemies to the Publick Good.'

This cruel Advice was purſued, and the Heads of the Senators fixed on Poles round the Tribune of Harangues, where they formed a Kind of dumb 'Senate, crying for Vengeance.' Their Eſtates were put up to Sale: Murder ſucceeded Murder; no Excellence, no Virtue, availed, nor were Temples nor Altars ſpared from the richeſt Blood in *Rome*.——

Theſe were the Actions of Men whoſe firſt Riſe was the Countenance of a well-meaning, miſguided People; of Men who built their whole Merit in *oppoſing* and *diſtreſſing* the Government of their Country!—— A powerful Leſſon for ſucceeding Ages, to guard againſt thoſe who would ſeparate a People from their wiſe and lawful Protectors

ALG. SIDNEY.

Vienna, May 21.

THE Veſſel in which the Count d'Uhlfeld is ſet out on his Embaſſy to Conſtantinople, is one of the largeſt that was ever ſeen upon the Danube. It has five Rooms one next to another all richly furniſh'd. At the Head ſhe carries a great Eagle upon a Globe bearing an Olive Branch in its Beak, and a Sceptre and Sword in one of its Talons. His Excellency arrived Yeſterday by Noon at Presbourg, where he was ſaluted by 36 Guns, an Honour which is to be paid him at every Fortification which he comes to.

Petersbourg, May 13. What will be the Iſſue of our Miſunderſtanding with Sweden is ſtill uncertain. We are told that the Court has no Intention to break with that Crown, and 'tis as certain that as things ſtand the latter has no Mind now to break with us; nevertheleſs the Preparations of both Powers for War are carried on both by Sea and Land as if their Views were quite otherwiſe.

Stockholm, May 17. The Talk of War is reviv'd within theſe few Days. The Court has order'd all the Swediſh Shipping in this and all the Harbours of the Coaſt to Carelſcroon, to be taken up for Tranſports. Admiral Grubbe has receiv'd Orders to raiſe more Seamen forthwith; the Magazines at Carelſcroon are filling with all Haſte, and the Men of War which are fitting out there to the Number of 26 excluſive of Frigates and Bomb-ketches, are ready to get out of the Dock: But the Deſign of this Armament proves every Day more myſterious, inaſmuch as there is ſtill Hopes of accommodating Matters with Ruſſia, and that there's not the leaſt Probability in the Report that ſeveral Regiments were to be tranſported to Pomerania to form a Camp there of 20 or 30000 Men. Mean time the Friends of the Old Miniſtry continue to exaggerate the Sums which all theſe Preparations of War have coſt hitherto, and they ſay, that what with the Charge of the double Embaſſies to Conſtantinople and Paris, the Loſs of the Man of War that was ſtranded near Cadiz, the Preſents made laſt Year to the French Commodore the Marquis d'Antin and the other French Officers, with the other Expences of the ſame Nature incurred ſince the Beginning of the laſt Dyet, all together amounts to a Sum much more conſiderable than the Subſidies which France is to pay us for 10 Years together in purſuance of the laſt Treaty with that Crown.

Hague, June 7. N.S. This Morning came Advice from Berlin, that the King of Pruſſia died at Potſdam on the 31ſt paſt about Noon. The Lord Harrington having come from Helvoetſluys hither on the 4th Inſtant, ſet out Yeſterday Morning for Hanover.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, May 30. Wind N. E. Remains the Dragon and Glouceſter Men of War. Came down and ſail'd thro' the Buchanan, Crawford, for Portſmouth, and the N. S. dos Almos, Tavares, for Portugal. Arrived the Betty, Finch, and the Ann and Elizabeth, Finch, both from Diep for Newcaſtle.

Deal, May 31. Wind N. E. In the Downs the Glouceſter and Dragon. Came down and ſail'd thro' for Portſmouth, the Tranſport, Callcott; the Ellis, Francis, for Falmouth; the Globe, Everet, for New York.

Arrived,

At Plymouth, the Charming Nancy, Stedman, from Carolina.

LONDON.

From the London Gazette.

At the Council Chamber Whitehall, the 29th Day of May 1740. Preſent their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices in Council.

Their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices in Council

were this Day pleaſed to order, that the Parliament which ſtands prorogued to Tueſday the 3d of June next, ſhould be further prorogued to Tueſday the 8th Day of July following.

Whitehall, May 31. By Letters which came in Yeſterday from Holland, we have Advice, that his Majeſty immediately after his Landing at Helvoetſluys ſet out on his Journey, and got that Evening about ſix o' Clock to Utrecht in perfect Health; and the next Morning about five proceeded from thence on his Way to Hanover.

His Majeſty's Letters Patents are paſſed the Great Seal, for granting the Dignity of a Marquis of the Kingdom of Great Britain unto his Grace Henry Duke of Kent, by the Name, Stile and Title of Marquis Grey; to hold the ſame to him and the Heirs Male of his Body; and in default of ſuch Iſſue, the Dignity of Marchioneſs Grey to Jemima Campbell, (Grandaughter of the ſaid Duke by the Lady Amabell Grey, deceaſed, eldeſt Daughter of the ſaid Duke, and late Wife of the Lord Glenorchy,) and the Dignity of Marquis Grey to the Heirs Male of the Body of the ſaid Jemima Campbell.

On Saturday Morning dy'd of an Apoplectick Fit, at his Houſe at Wanſtead, Arthur Acland, Eſq; an eminent Portugal Merchant, and Uncle to Sir Hugh Acland, Bart.

Laſt Thurſday died the Lady Sophia Van Keppel, Daughter to the Right Hon. the Earl of Albemarle.

Same Day Sir Edmund Thomas, Bart. was married to Mrs. Northey, Relict of Mr. Northey Son of the late Sir Edward Northey, Kt. formerly Attorney General.

Same Day, about 2 in the Morning, a Fire broke out at the Houſe of Mr. Cox, a wealthy Brewer at Colcheſter, which in two Hours reduced it to Aſhes, and much damaged two others adjoining; good Part of the beſt Furniture was ſav'd, and the Fire extinguiſhed chiefly by the Aſſiſtance of ſome Gentlemen and their Servants who happen'd to be at the Three Cups Inn, and were ſo diligent in ſtopping the Flames that they hazarded their own Lives, and were forc'd to be taken out at the Windows.

The Officers belonging to the Poſt-office have been down to Henley upon Thames to ſearch Creake and Kitſen's Houſes; and in that of the latter diſcovered in a private Drawer Nine of the Notes that were taken out of the Weſtern Mail on the 4th of April.

Several Attempts having been lately made in the Night-time, to break into the Houſe of the Rev. Mr. Martin Anneſley, at Buckleſbury in Berks, by Perſons unknown, with Fire-arms, who ſeveral Nights fired into the Houſe at the Servants and other Perſons employed in the Defence thereof, and calling two of the Perſons ſo employed by their Names, threaten'd them with Death: In order to the Diſcovery and bringing to Puniſhment the Perſons concerned in ſuch wicked Attempts, their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices have been pleaſed to promiſe his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon to any Perſon concerned therein, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

On Saturday laſt the Baggage belonging to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Heſſe was put on board the Mary Yacht, her Highneſs being to embark the firſt fair Wind.

The Lady of the Right Hon. Sir William Yonge, Bart. Secretary at War, lies dangerouſly ill at his Houſe at Whitehall, on which Occaſion the Drums are forbid to beat at the marching off the Guards on the Parade in St. James's Park.

On Saturday laſt about 4 in the Afternoon a Fire broke out in White-Swan-alley in Coleman-ſtreet, which entirely conſumed the Houſe where it began and ſix others, and damaged ſeveral more before it could be extinguiſhed.

It began in a Houſe where the Joyners were at Work, who had been heating the Glue-pot, and by Careleſſneſs the Shavings took fire.

A Britannia Fireman and Porter, and ſome others, were burnt and bruis'd in a terrible Manner, who were carried to St. Bartholomew's Hoſpital to be taken Care of.

Orders are iſſued out for incamping the Horſe and Foot Guards this Day Fortnight on Hounſlow-heath.

To-morrow the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor will hold the 2d General Seal before Trinity Term, at Lincolns-Inn Hall.

	Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge	04 28	04 50

Bank Stock 142. India nothing done. South Sea 101. Old Annuity 111 3 4ths. New ditto 112 to 1-8th. Three per Cent. 102. Seven per Cent. Loan 111 3-8ths. Five per Cent. ditto 93 1-half 5-8ths. Royal Aſſurance 91 1-half. London Aſſurance 11 1-4th. African 10. India Bonds 5 l. 1 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 5 l. 5 s. Premium. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper 8 l. 6 s. 6 d. Welſh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 103 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto 97. Million Bank 116. Equivalent 110 1-8th. Lottery Tickets 5 l. 1 s.

The Transfer-books of the India Company ſhut up on Thurſday the 19th Inſtant, and will be opened on Thurſday the 17th of July next. Dividend Warrants due at Midſummer next will be ready to be delivered on the 29th of July.

Hawkers and Pedlars Office Holbourn-Court, Gray's-Inn, May 31, 1740.

THIS *is to give Notice, That Yearly Licences as uſual will begin to be delivered out on Tueſday the 17th Day of June next, and daily Attendance is conſtantly given (Holidays excepted) from Nine in the Morning until Twelve, and from Two in the Afternoon until Five: Therefore all Perſons concerned are deſired to apply to the Office above-mentioned for Licences, and not to depend on the uncertain Meeting with the Surveyors in the Country, who have ſtrict Orders given them to apprehend and proſecute with the utmoſt Rigour all ſuch Hawkers as they ſhall at any time of the Year find trading without Licence.*

This Day is Publiſhed,

THE Attorney's Practice in the Court of King's Bench: or, An Introduction to the Knowledge of the Practice of that Court, as it now ſtands under the Regulation of ſeveral late Acts of Parliament, Rules and Determinations of the ſaid Court: With Variety of uſeful and curious Precedents in Engliſh ſettled or drawn by Council: And a complete Index to the Whole.

By a Gentleman of the Inner-Temple.

Printed for T. Woodward at the Half-moon between the Two Temple Gates in Fleet-ſtreet.

Where may be had, juſt publiſhed,

1. Laws relating to the Poor, from the 43d of Queen Elizabeth to the 3d of King George II. with Caſes adjudged in the Court of King's Bench upon the ſeveral Clauſes of them. By *Robert Foley*, Eſq; Barriſter at Law.

2. The Scrivener's Guide, in two Vols. 5th Edition.

This Day is Publiſhed,

[Price 27 s. in Sheets]

(From the Originals, never before printed)

THE

Negociations of Sir THOMAS ROE,

IN HIS

EMBASSY to the OTTOMAN PORTE,

FROM

The Year 1621, to 1628, inclusive.

Completeing his ſaid EMBASSY, and

Containing,

A great Variety of Curious and Important Matters, relating not only to the Affairs of the TURKISH Empire, but alſo to Thoſe of the OTHER STATES of EUROPE, in that Period.

His Correſpondences with the moſt illuſtrious Perſons, for Dignity or Character; as with the Queen of *Bohemia*, *Bethlem Gabor* Prince of *Tranſylvania*, and other Potentates of different Nations, &c.

And many Uſeful and Inſtructive Particulars, as well in relation to TRADE and COMMERCE, as to Subjects of LITERATURE; as Ancient Manuſcripts, Coins, Inſcriptions, and other Antiquities.

Printed at the Expence of the Society for Encouragement of Learning;

And ſold by *G. Strahan* in Cornhill, *C. Rivington* in St. Paul's Church-yard, *P Vaillant* in the Strand, *J. Brindley* in New Bond-ſtreet, *S. Baker* in Ruſſel-ſtreet Covent-garden, and *J. Osborn* junior in Pater-noſter-row, Bookſellers to the ſaid *Society*.

This Day is Publiſhed,

THE PROCEEDINGS at the SESSIONS of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, for the City of *London* and County of *Middleſex*, on Thurſday the 22d, Friday the 23d, and Saturday the 24th of May laſt, before the Right Hon. Sir JOHN SALTER, Knight, Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, Mr. Juſtice *William Forteſcue*, Mr. Juſtice *Parker*, Mr. Baron *Wright*, Sir *John Strange*, Knight, Recorder, Mr. Serjeant *Urlin*, &c.

Containing the Trials at large of

Ann Armſtrong, for ſtealing a Silver Tankard.

Arthur Bethell, for aſſaulting Mr. Edwards, knocking him down, and robbing him of his Watch and Money near Drury-lane.

John Clark, otherwiſe *Smith*, otherwiſe *Pugg*, for aſſaulting Mr. Maſon in the Fields near Pancras, and robbing him of a Watch, &c.

For which Facts they receiv'd Sentence of Death.

Alſo the remarkable Trials of

Rochford Fitzgerald, for uttering and publiſhing a Note pretended to be under the Hand of Richard Lutterel and Company, knowing the ſame to be Falſe and Counterfeit, with Intent to defraud Meſſ. Knight and Shuttleworth, &c.

Martha Harding, and *Rachael Bowling*, for picking the Pocket of John Pepper.

Elizabeth Pooley, and *Ann Miller*, for a Robbery on the Highway.

With many other Curious Trials.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noſter-row.

STolen or Stray'd out of the Ground of Edward Harrington, of Barnes Mill Springfield, in Eſſex, May 30 at Night, A Stout Black Mare, near Five Hands high, Full Mouth, a Star on her Forehead, a Bob Tail, One White Foot behind, a Burnt-in Mark SD on the Near Shoulder, her Back pinch'd with the Saddle. Whoever brings the ſaid Mare to Mr. Hudſon, at the Nag's Head in Woolpack in Whitechapel, or to Mr. John Judd, Grocer in Chelmsford, ſhall have Reaſonable Charges, and a Guinea Reward.

There is now Publiſhed,

The SECOND VOLUME *of*

A COLLECTION of EPIGRAMS.

——— *Non deficit alter*
Aureus, & ſimili frondeſcit virga metallo. Virg.

N. B. *Theſe Two Volumes contain* above a Thouſand Epigrams, *many of which are now firſt printed.* Price of the Volume 2 s. 6 d.

Printed for J. Walthoe, over-againſt the Royal-Exchange in Cornhill. ——— *For whom were*

Lately printed. The Fourth Edition of

I. The HIVE. A Collection of [more than a Thouſand] the moſt celebrated SONGS. To which is prefixed, a Diſcourſe on Song-Writing.

By AMBROSE PHILIPS, *Eſq*

From Words ſo ſweet new Grace the Notes receive,
And Muſick borrows Helps ſhe us'd to give. Tate.

II. PHILIPS's PLAYS, viz. The Diſtreſs'd Mother; Briton, and Humphrey Duke of Glouceſter.

III. The Genuine WORKS, in Verſe and Proſe, of the Right Hon. GEORGE GRANVILLE, Lord LANSDOWN. Three Volumes. Price 7 s. 6 d.

IV. *The Laws of Poetry.* Being a Critical Commentary on the Duke of BUCKINGHAM's *Eſſay on Poetry*, and the Lord ROSCOMMON's *Eſſay on Tranſlated Verſe*; with Notes on Lord LANSDOWNE's Poem *upon unnatural Flights* written by his Lordſhip. The Commentary written by GILDON, and reviſed by the Duke of BUCKINGHAM.

V. ALZIRA. A Tragedy. By AARON HILL, Eſq;

VI. The BATH UNMASK'D. A Comedy.

VII. The CAPRICIOUS LOVERS. A Comedy. By ODINGSELLS.

VIII. The DOUBLE DECEIT: Or, A Cure for Jealouſy. Comedy. By WILLIAM POPPLE, Eſq;

IX. The PARRICIDE. A Tragedy. By Mr. STEELE.

X. The *Loves* of HERO and LEANDER, from the Greek of *Muſæus*. By Mr. STERLING. To which are added, new Tranſlations from *Anacreon*, *Sappho*, *Julian*, *Theocritus*, *Moſchus*, and *Homer*. Pr. 1 s.

XI. WELSTED's POEMS; with a Tranſlation of Longinus's Treatiſe on the Sublime.

XII. *Oikeographia.* A Poem to his Grace the Duke of *Dorſet*, by Mr. WELSTED. Pr. 1 s.

XIII. A Hymn to the Creator. By a Gentleman, on the Death of his only Daughter. Pr. 6 d.

XIV. A Poem to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales. By Mr. WELSTED. Pr. 6 d.

XV. The Poſthumous WORKS of W. WYCHERLEY, Eſq; in Proſe and Verſe. Publiſhed by Mr. *Theobald*. To which are prefix'd, ſome Memoirs of Mr. *Wycherley*'s Life: by Mr. *Pack*.

XVI. A Collection of POEMS on various Subjects, by RICHARD BLACKMORE.

For whom likewiſe was lately

Printed in a neat Pocket Volume, Price 2 s.

The FLOWER-PIECE: A Collection of Moral POEMS, by ſeveral Hands.

Part of the CONTENTS.

The Kite; an Heroi-comical Poem: by Mr. P. BACON.

To the Memory of Mr. *Hughes*: by a Lady.

A Poem in Praiſe of Naſtineſs.

To the Memory of a Friend.

To a Gentleman on his Marriage: by Mr. CONCANEN.

The 8th Ode of the 4th Book of *Horace*: addreſſed to Dr. *Towne*: by Mr. CONCANEN.

A familiar Ode for the New Year; addreſſed to *Edw. Roome*, Eſq; by the ſame.

An Epiſtle to the Right Hon. Sir R. WALPOLE.

Verſes occaſioned by the foregoing Epiſtle.

The Monkey and the Maſtiff; a Fable: by Mr. CONCANEN.

An Epiſtle to Mr. H. by a Perſon of Honour.

The Cauſe of Inconſtancy: by the ſame.

Verſes to a Lady, upon his receiving a Hurt in one of his Eyes: by the ſame.

A Fable, addreſſed to the Ld. Viſc. *Mont-caſſel.*

An Epiſtle to Lord *Carteret*, occaſioned by the Copper Coinage: By Mr. CONCANEN.

An Epiſtle to Ld. *Carteret*, &c. by Dr. D--NY.

A Cure for Love; a Tale: By Mr. CONCANEN.

An Ode to the Queen, on their Majeſties happy Acceſſion: By the Ld. NEWCOMB.

The Templer's Bill of Complaint to the Lord Chancellor. By J. B. Eſq;

The Progreſs of Poetry.

To the ingenious Author of, The Progreſs of Poetry.

The Bridge of Life, an allegorical Poem, in Imitation of the 15th Spectator.

An Epiſtle from a Clergyman in *Herefordſhire* to his Friend at *Oxon*.

On the burning the Author's Pieces in Lord *Bacon*'s Works.

On Dr. *Frazier*'s reſuſing Part of the Univerſity of *Aberdeen*: By Mr. BAILEY.

Verſes on her Majeſty's Birth-day. By P. Frowde, Eſq;

Regulus: A Pindaric Ode.

The Carmen Seculare of *Horace*; tranſlated by W. DUNCOMBE.

The involuntary Sinner. A Tale.

An Epithalamium; to a Lady.

Verſes on the Monument of Mrs. *Oldfield*, ſpoken by Mrs. *Heron*.

To the Duke of [illegible] on his being made Knight of the Garter with Sir Rob. [illegible] by the Rev. Mr. [illegible]